

# Unix grep, find and maxdepth

*I'm writing this so I can find it next time I want to do this, and so my student programmers can more easily compare config settings across test sites.*

Problem: Find a particular line quickly in a file in 7 different directories. In this case, it's a Moodle config setting in 7 different installs, each with thousands of files.

Solution: With the help of this site, <http://helpdesk.ua.edu/unix/tipsheet/tipv1n10.html> I found a quick way to do it without traversing the thousands of files in each directory. The cheat is that I knew the config file in a Moodle install is always in the same spot. But I could leave maxdepth out.

The key here is that while I know

```
grep -r search_string *
```

would work, it would take forever to go through all of those files, some of them quite large. I didn't know how to get the recursive grep to only look at certain files. Turns out that is what backticks are for.

```
grep quiet `sudo find . -maxdepth 3 -type f -name config.php`./stage/moodle/config.php:
```

## Quick Explanation:

1. `grep quiet` - will search for the text "quiet" in the list of files produced by the command in backticks.
2. `sudo` - to avoid being told I don't have permission to see certain files.
3. `maxdepth` - to only go 3 directories deep instead of recursing through everything. (I knew where the config.php file would be.)
4. `-type f -name config.php` - only look at files named config.php. Ignore all others.

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